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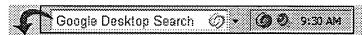
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COMPACT spec for smaller CPU module

Bosch Rexroth, congatec and two other European manufacturers of embedded computer modules have defined the 'COMPACT' miniature computer module based Requirements are too often co-mingled with design element way to focus on capturing only the essentials, with UML.

Many developers regard requirements capture with a disdain norm for Windows crashes and Richard Simmons exercise videos. They s of time that diverts them from what they ought to be doing: crank However, in a requirements-driven process, the developers always what they're doing actually relates to the goals and purposes of the

To properly understand what features ought to be designed and im well as how they ought to work, it is necessary to have a deep und the following concepts: the purposes of the system; the workflow applicable) with respect to the system; the set of features the system devices with which it must interact and how those interactions what should happen when something expected or "bad" occurs; and the features must be visible to the user and the external devices. It part of the requirements or specification of the system. If you under requirements thoroughly, your development work will be more prohave less reworking to do, and your customers will be happy.

In a requirements-centric development, all work relates in some w requirements specification of the system. Early in analysis, we try how the system fits into its environment (including the user). Soor detailing exactly which features we want the system to provide to work in that environment and exactly how we want those features elements in the system's environment. Later, we design the internsystem to meet those specifications, and finally we construct test v system to ensure the appropriate level of completeness, fidelity, at

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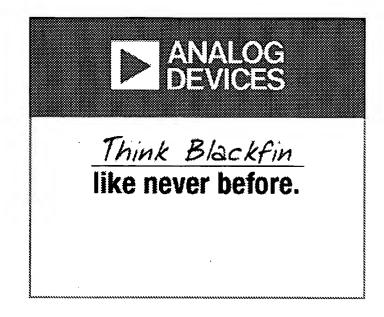
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I find that real-time and embedded developers often have difficulty requirements from design. The chosen design is usually just one of of meeting the requirements. Many bright and experienced develop the design aspect so ingrained in them that they find this distinctio have developed an approach for understanding, capturing, and ma requirements based on my work with complex projects at NASA an which is the focus of this article. This approach is part of the ROPE:

Types of requirements

Just as there are two kinds of people (those who divide people into those who don't), there are two kinds of requirements: functional a service. Functional requirements encompass what the system should behave in a variety of circumstances. For example:

- The system shall adjust the angle of the telescope under use
- The system shall deliver anesthetic agents in gaseous form a concentration.
- Locking clamps shall engage when the elevator cable breaks.
- The device shall alarm if the heart rate falls below 30 beats p

Quality of service (QoS) requirements specify how well a functiona shall be accomplished. In real-time and embedded systems, QoS remay specify properties of the system (for example, range, speed, to capacity, reliability, maintainability, evolvability, time to market, so predictability, schedulability), or properties of the process. As a rule it's something that can be quantified or optimized, then it is a QoS For example (QoS requirements italicized):

- The angle of the telescope shall be set in units of 0.1 degree: maximum error of 0.01 degrees.
- The anesthetic agent shall be controllable from 0.00% to 5.0 in units of 0.01% with an accuracy of 0.005%.
- Locking clamps shall engage in the event of an elevator supp

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breakage within less than 0.5 seconds.

 The device shall alarm within 10 seconds if the heart rate fall beats per minute.

The defining characteristic of real-time systems is the level to whic requirements figure into the correctness of the system. In non-rea late is acceptable. In real-time systems, late is unacceptable. Put a real-time system is not necessarily fast, but it is predictably timely real-time systems may be hard real-time, which means that respon for aperiodic systems or actions taken when a periodic task begins systems) must complete by a specified deadline.

Systems may also be soft real-time. For example:

- Event responses shall be handled on average within a certair
- A certain number of event responses shall be handled within timeframe.
- A specified failure rate is permitted.

Because the mathematics required to analyze soft real-time systen difficult than for the simpler, hard real-time case, it is very commo real-time systems as hard real-time to simplify the analysis. [2] Th approach is an overdesign of the system, with, typically, an increas recurring cost due to the overdesigned hardware platform.

In my approach, functional requirements are modeled as use cases specifications, actions, and message sequences. QoS requirements as constraints of some kind, applied against one or more functional

Use cases

A use case is a named coherent collection of related requirements around system capability. A use case is large-scale, typically corresthree to 10 pages of textual requirements. Use cases define little in specific requirements per se, but they serve as a way to organize a them. A good use case:

- Focuses on the user's or actor's perspective of the system (n implementation of its interfaces or its internals)
- Captures a closely related set of requirements
- Returns a result visible to one or more actors
- Does not reveal or imply system internal structure or implem
- Is independent from other use cases and may be concurrent
- Consists of a set of messages exchanged between the systen more actors (more than just one!)

Relationships among use cases can be used, but there's a caveat: newcomers to use case modeling use these relationships to do a fu decomposition of the system's internal structure; this is not what t The purpose of use case relations is to depict relations among thes requirements. The most common relations are specializations (ster specific) of the dependency relation (shown using a dashed line will



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arrowhead). The <<includes>> relation means that a larger use constant one. For example, a use case for a spacecraft might be "Ta a planet" and another might be "Send information to Earth-side States Executing each of these use cases involves rolling the spacecraft to orientation-either to point the camera at the planet or to aim the a Earth. Thus, they could both <<includes>> a smaller use case, sur Attitude."

<extends>> is similar to <<includes>> except that the smaller optional and only used in certain situations. For example, suppose commands sent to a spacecraft could potentially lead to a loss of the You might want user validation and authorization guaranteed befor such commands. In this case, the larger "Process Ground Comman might be extended by a "Validate User."

Additionally, one use case may be more general or specific than an example, there may be multiple ways to do a Validate User use cas Authorization Code, Validate by Fingerprint Scan, or Validate by Vc Recognition. Each of these is a specialized form of the general Validate.

We will use these relations in a very specific way when we capture for large complex systems.

Detailed requirements

Since a use case is a container of detailed requirements, just provi of the use case isn't enough. We need to provide the details. In the process we call this "detailing the use case."

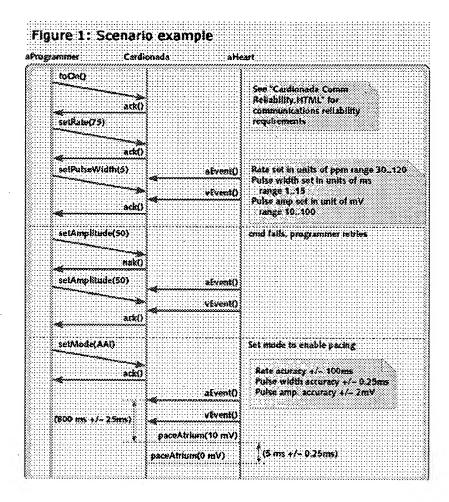
There are two primary means to detail a use case-by example or b By far, the most common is by example. This is done by constructi scenarios of message exchange between the system and the actor associated with that use case. This approach has advantages and c The advantages include the simplicity of the representation and the which non-technical stakeholders can understand how the system respect to the use case. The disadvantages include the fact that a represented by an infinite set of scenarios; the number that is actumust be trimmed down somehow. Also, there is typically no way to when you give an example. That is, there is no way to specify probehaviors.

Detailing a use case by specification gets around these disadvantage a single location for the details that applies to each of the infinite s. It can also state prohibitions as requirements. On the downside, paragraph formal languages (such as statecharts) are used to specify required digit IQ is required, which may disallow certain managers and mar understanding the requirements. My recommendation is to general we will see later.

Scenarios and message sequence charts

A scenario is a specific path through a use case. The most commor of a scenario is a message sequence chart, as shown in Figure 1. T

are called instance lines, and at the system specification level, they actors and either the use case or the system fulfilling the role of th prefer to use the use case because it helps me identify the context particular scenario. Note that at this level, we do not include object system. Looking ahead, later we will add internal objects to our see how our designs actually meet our requirements, but they should resystem-level use case scenarios. The goal at this point is to capture not design.



A typical system might have anywhere from half a dozen to a doze and each use case might have half a dozen to several dozen scena Since there is an infinite set from which the scenarios can be drawidecide which ones to explicitly represent? The ROPES process guid add scenarios to a use case only when they demonstrate or depict more new requirements. You're done when you can't come up with that add a new requirement.

Functional requirements are shown on sequence diagrams as order sequences. That is, you're showing that a particular sequence of m be allowed. If the order within a message set is unimportant, you constraint {unordered} to the set of messages. QoS requirements constraints that attach to the instance lines, individual messages, constraints that attach to the instance lines, individual messages, constraints are timeliness constraint applied to an ordered pair of messages. In Figure 1, a timing const down at the bottom using a common notation: a vertical line betwee horizontal bars marking points in time on the scenario. Other QoS

shown in note boxes on the right of the diagram.

Specifications for requirements capture

The other primary approach to detailing requirements is to do it by Either informal or formal languages can be used, or a combination informal languages, we usually mean written specifications. Some elaborate fields used to specify the use case. For example, Schneic suggest:[3]

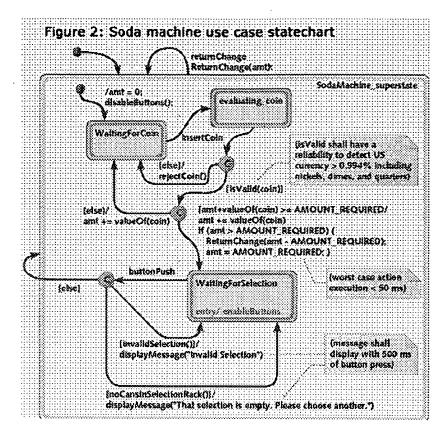
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Of these, I feel only the preconditions and postconditions are requi things are shown using other views (such as the diagrams themsel

For formal languages, the UML provides the statechart and its cous chart. Statecharts are most applicable when the use case has state distinguishable conditions of existence as defined by a set of event accepted, behaviors performed, and reachability of subsequent sta use case is in State A, it accepts a certain set of messages and eve certain set of behaviors, and can reach a finite set of other states. distinguishable from other such states in that one or more of these different. When an autopilot is executing "Controlling Flight Path," certain things it can and cannot do when taking off vs. when in cru states.

Activity charts are just a specialized form of a statechart. Activity c when the primary means to transition from one state to the next d completion of the actions executed within a state rather than upon explicit message or event from somewhere else.

Consider a soda pop machine with two actors (the Customer and tl Rep). Let's focus on a Deliver Soda Can use case. It is difficult to ir individually all the possible ways in which users might insert coins buttons to get a can of soda from the machine, even without the a the price. However, it is relatively straightforward to do so using a shown in Figure 2.



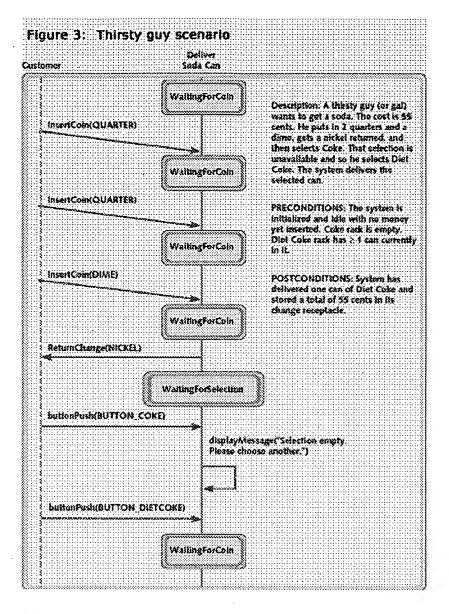
The statechart in the figure has only four states to manage the trainuser inserting coins and selecting the desired flavor of soda. All directly relevant to the specification of the use case are shown on to (although not their implementation). Notice also that no internal of identified, but some data are: specifically, amt tracks how much the entered, and AMOUNT_REQUIRED is the cost of a single can of sod various operations used within the actions, but it isn't at all implied there are or how they relate to each other.

In fact, a set of objects will realize this use case (that's UML-speak "implement"). All that we can be sure of is that, in any correct desi specified will collectively be able to provide the services as specifie statechart in Figure 2.

In the final analysis, either statecharts or activity diagrams can be specification of requirements.

Relating specifications and scenarios

When you use a formal language, such as statecharts, to specify a are capturing the entire infinite set of scenarios all in one place. A nothing more than a particular path through the statechart. For ex shows one particular scenario represented by this statechart. In th cost of the soda is 55 cents. The customer puts in two quarters an receives a nickel in change. Then he selects Coke, but there is no r the machine displays a message to that effect. The customer then Coke and the system delivers it. Notice that some of the relevant s state machine are shown on the use case instance line-this aids the relating the scenario back to the statechart specification.



Of course, there are other paths through the statechart; these are scenarios. In general, you will want to construct the set of scenaric statechart. You do this by making a different scenario for every dif through the statechart, although you'll only want to do the looping and representative examples of the concurrent regions (and-states

Moving from requirements into design

As mentioned earlier, a use case is ultimately realized by a set of c together to provide the necessary behavior. This set of objects is c collaboration in UML. It has a specific notation (a dashed oval) that commonly used. Most often, the use case collaboration is shown as diagram, showing the relevant classes of the objects that participa in the collaboration.

Getting a good set of objects can be tricky, as it is not at all obvious case model. In the ROPES process, you use object identification stridentify the object participating in the collaboration. The ROPES proabout a dozen different strategies which, while different and distinct

the objects they find to a significant degree. Commonly, you will at four different strategies simultaneously to identify all objects in the Using such an approach, one could come up with an object model : shown in Figure 4.

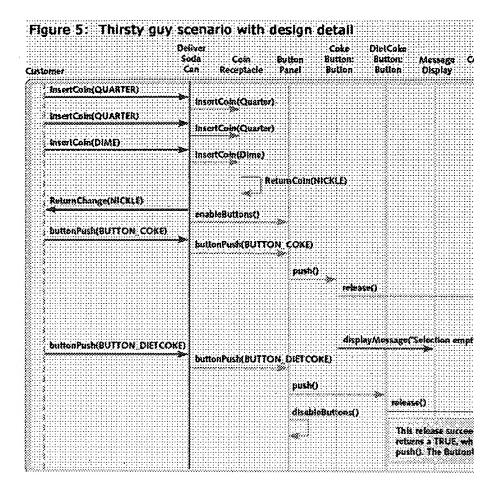
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Figure 4: Soda machine collaboration class diagram

The really important question is how do you ensure and demonstra design model really does realize the use case model? The answer is execution. We evaluate and demonstrate the adequacy of a design executing that design model. Specifically, we want to execute the v scenarios we used to state requirements using the newly added de If the design can execute all of the requirements then we've done can't, then we need to fix our design model.

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Figure 5 is the same scenario shown in Figure 3, but we've added t collaborative elements from the class diagram.[5] We can walk thi scenario and see how the objects inside the system collaborate to I



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Endnotes

- 1. Douglass, Bruce Powel. "On the ROPES," Embedded Systems Pro December 2000, p. 140.
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- 2. There is the old saying that hard real-time systems are hard, bu systems are harder, meaning that the accurate characterization of systems is technically much more difficult.

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Capturing Real-Time Requiremen

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By Bruce Powel Douglass
Embedded Systems Programming
(11/01/01, 09:37:50 AM EST)



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Bosch Rexroth, congatec and two other European manufacturers of embedded computer modules have defined the 'COMPACT' miniature computer module based

Requirements are too often co-mingled with design element way to focus on capturing only the essentials, with UML.

Many developers regard requirements capture with a disdain norm for Windows crashes and Richard Simmons exercise videos. They s of time that diverts them from what they ought to be doing: crank However, in a requirements-driven process, the developers always what they're doing actually relates to the goals and purposes of the

To properly understand what features ought to be designed and im well as how they ought to work, it is necessary to have a deep und the following concepts: the purposes of the system; the workflow capplicable) with respect to the system; the set of features the system devices with which it must interact and how those interactions what should happen when something expected or "bad" occurs; and the features must be visible to the user and the external devices. I part of the requirements or specification of the system. If you under requirements thoroughly, your development work will be more prohave less reworking to do, and your customers will be happy.

In a requirements-centric development, all work relates in some w requirements specification of the system. Early in analysis, we try how the system fits into its environment (including the user). Soor detailing exactly which features we want the system to provide to work in that environment and exactly how we want those features elements in the system's environment. Later, we design the internsystem to meet those specifications, and finally we construct test v system to ensure the appropriate level of completeness, fidelity, as

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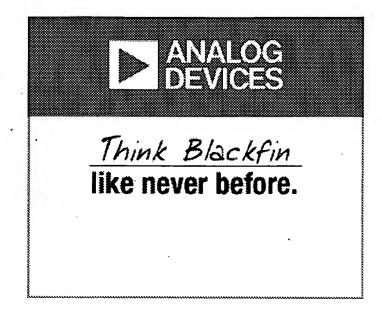
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I find that real-time and embedded developers often have difficulty requirements from design. The chosen design is usually just one of of meeting the requirements. Many bright and experienced develop the design aspect so ingrained in them that they find this distinctio have developed an approach for understanding, capturing, and ma requirements based on my work with complex projects at NASA an which is the focus of this article. This approach is part of the ROPE:

Types of requirements

Just as there are two kinds of people (those who divide people into those who don't), there are two kinds of requirements: functional a service. Functional requirements encompass what the system should behave in a variety of circumstances. For example:

- The system shall adjust the angle of the telescope under use
- The system shall deliver anesthetic agents in gaseous form a concentration.
- Locking clamps shall engage when the elevator cable breaks.
- The device shall alarm if the heart rate falls below 30 beats r

Quality of service (QoS) requirements specify how well a functiona shall be accomplished. In real-time and embedded systems, QoS ramay specify properties of the system (for example, range, speed, to capacity, reliability, maintainability, evolvability, time to market, so predictability, schedulability), or properties of the process. As a rull it's something that can be quantified or optimized, then it is a QoS For example (QoS requirements italicized):

- The angle of the telescope shall be set in units of 0.1 degree: maximum error of 0.01 degrees.
- The anesthetic agent shall be controllable from 0.00% to 5.0 in units of 0.01% with an accuracy of 0.005%.
- Locking clamps shall engage in the event of an elevator supp

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breakage within less than 0.5 seconds.

• The device shall alarm within 10 seconds if the heart rate fall beats per minute.

The defining characteristic of real-time systems is the level to whic requirements figure into the correctness of the system. In non-rea late is acceptable. In real-time systems, late is unacceptable. Put a real-time system is not necessarily fast, but it is predictably timely real-time systems may be hard real-time, which means that respoi for aperiodic systems or actions taken when a periodic task begins systems) must complete by a specified deadline.

Systems may also be soft real-time. For example:

- Event responses shall be handled on average within a certair
- A certain number of event responses shall be handled within timeframe.
- A specified failure rate is permitted.

Because the mathematics required to analyze soft real-time systen difficult than for the simpler, hard real-time case, it is very commo real-time systems as hard real-time to simplify the analysis. [2] Th approach is an overdesign of the system, with, typically, an increas recurring cost due to the overdesigned hardware platform.

In my approach, functional requirements are modeled as use cases specifications, actions, and message sequences. QoS requirements as constraints of some kind, applied against one or more functiona

Use cases

A use case is a named coherent collection of related requirements around system capability. A use case is large-scale, typically corresthree to 10 pages of textual requirements. Use cases define little in specific requirements per se, but they serve as a way to organize a them. A good use case:

- Focuses on the user's or actor's perspective of the system (n implementation of its interfaces or its internals)
- Captures a closely related set of requirements
- Returns a result visible to one or more actors
- Does not reveal or imply system internal structure or implem
- Is independent from other use cases and may be concurrent
- Consists of a set of messages exchanged between the systen more actors (more than just one!)

Relationships among use cases can be used, but there's a caveat: newcomers to use case modeling use these relationships to do a fu decomposition of the system's internal structure; this is not what t The purpose of use case relations is to depict relations among thes requirements. The most common relations are specializations (ster specific) of the dependency relation (shown using a dashed line will



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arrowhead). The <<includes>> relation means that a larger use constant one. For example, a use case for a spacecraft might be "Ta a planet" and another might be "Send information to Earth-side Statescuting each of these use cases involves rolling the spacecraft to orientation-either to point the camera at the planet or to aim the a Earth. Thus, they could both <<includes>> a smaller use case, sur Attitude."

<<extends>> is similar to <<includes>> except that the smaller optional and only used in certain situations. For example, suppose commands sent to a spacecraft could potentially lead to a loss of the You might want user validation and authorization guaranteed befor such commands. In this case, the larger "Process Ground Comman might be extended by a "Validate User."

Additionally, one use case may be more general or specific than an example, there may be multiple ways to do a Validate User use cas Authorization Code, Validate by Fingerprint Scan, or Validate by Vc Recognition. Each of these is a specialized form of the general Validate.

We will use these relations in a very specific way when we capture for large complex systems.

Detailed requirements

Since a use case is a container of detailed requirements, just provi of the use case isn't enough. We need to provide the details. In the process we call this "detailing the use case."

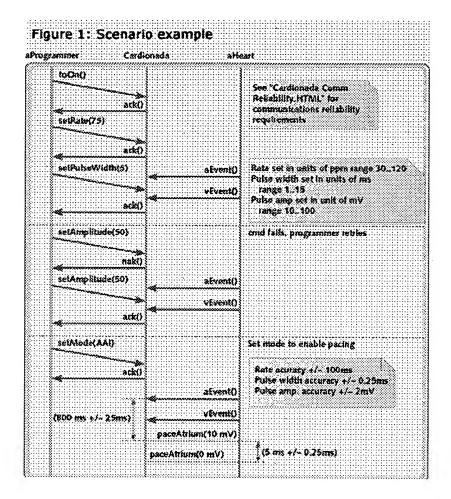
There are two primary means to detail a use case-by example or b By far, the most common is by example. This is done by constructi scenarios of message exchange between the system and the actor associated with that use case. This approach has advantages and c The advantages include the simplicity of the representation and the which non-technical stakeholders can understand how the system respect to the use case. The disadvantages include the fact that a represented by an infinite set of scenarios; the number that is actumust be trimmed down somehow. Also, there is typically no way to when you give an example. That is, there is no way to specify probehaviors.

Detailing a use case by specification gets around these disadvantage a single location for the details that applies to each of the infinite so It can also state prohibitions as requirements. On the downside, paragraph of the infinite solution of

Scenarios and message sequence charts

A scenario is a specific path through a use case. The most commor of a scenario is a message sequence chart, as shown in Figure 1. T

are called instance lines, and at the system specification level, they actors and either the use case or the system fulfilling the role of th prefer to use the use case because it helps me identify the context particular scenario. Note that at this level, we do not include objec system. Looking ahead, later we will add internal objects to our scenarios actually meet our requirements, but they should r system-level use case scenarios. The goal at this point is to captur not design.



A typical system might have anywhere from half a dozen to a doze and each use case might have half a dozen to several dozen scena Since there is an infinite set from which the scenarios can be drawi decide which ones to explicitly represent? The ROPES process guid add scenarios to a use case only when they demonstrate or depict more new requirements. You're done when you can't come up with that add a new requirement.

Functional requirements are shown on sequence diagrams as order sequences. That is, you're showing that a particular sequence of m be allowed. If the order within a message set is unimportant, you constraint {unordered} to the set of messages. QoS requirements constraints that attach to the instance lines, individual messages, constraints that attach to the instance lines, individual messages, constraints are timeliness constraint applied to an ordered pair of messages. In Figure 1, a timing const down at the bottom using a common notation: a vertical line betwee horizontal bars marking points in time on the scenario. Other QoS

shown in note boxes on the right of the diagram.

Specifications for requirements capture

The other primary approach to detailing requirements is to do it by Either informal or formal languages can be used, or a combination informal languages, we usually mean written specifications. Some elaborate fields used to specify the use case. For example, Schneic suggest:[3]

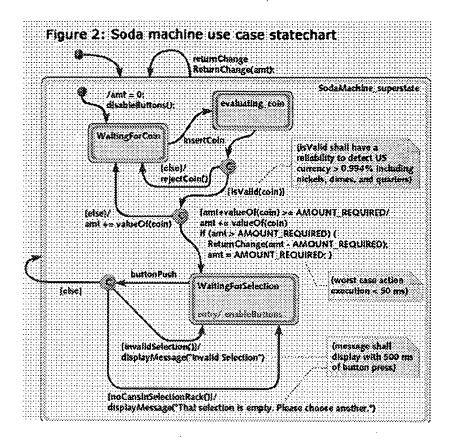
- Use case name
- Actors
- Priority (project)
- Status (project)
- Preconditions
- Postconditions
- Extension points
- Included use cases
- Flow of events
- List of related diagrams (sequence, statechart, activity, and :

Of these, I feel only the preconditions and postconditions are requi things are shown using other views (such as the diagrams themsel

For formal languages, the UML provides the statechart and its cous chart. Statecharts are most applicable when the use case has state distinguishable conditions of existence as defined by a set of event accepted, behaviors performed, and reachability of subsequent sta use case is in State A, it accepts a certain set of messages and eve certain set of behaviors, and can reach a finite set of other states. distinguishable from other such states in that one or more of these different. When an autopilot is executing "Controlling Flight Path," certain things it can and cannot do when taking off vs. when in cru states.

Activity charts are just a specialized form of a statechart. Activity c when the primary means to transition from one state to the next d completion of the actions executed within a state rather than upon explicit message or event from somewhere else.

Consider a soda pop machine with two actors (the Customer and the Rep). Let's focus on a Deliver Soda Can use case. It is difficult to in individually all the possible ways in which users might insert coins buttons to get a can of soda from the machine, even without the a the price. However, it is relatively straightforward to do so using a shown in Figure 2.



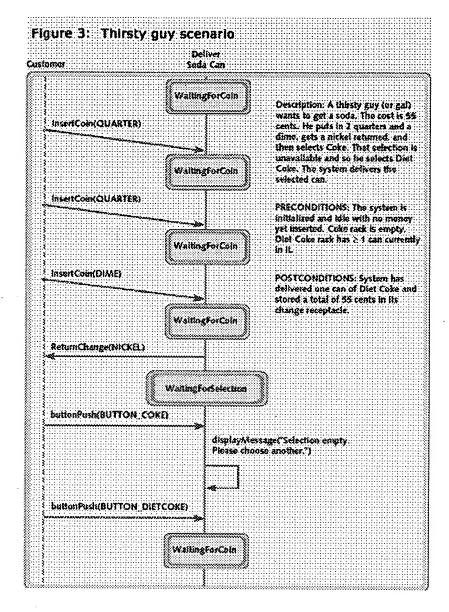
The statechart in the figure has only four states to manage the trainuser inserting coins and selecting the desired flavor of soda. All directly relevant to the specification of the use case are shown on to (although not their implementation). Notice also that no internal of identified, but some data are: specifically, amt tracks how much the entered, and AMOUNT_REQUIRED is the cost of a single can of sod various operations used within the actions, but it isn't at all implied there are or how they relate to each other.

In fact, a set of objects will realize this use case (that's UML-speak "implement"). All that we can be sure of is that, in any correct desi specified will collectively be able to provide the services as specifie statechart in Figure 2.

In the final analysis, either statecharts or activity diagrams can be specification of requirements.

Relating specifications and scenarios

When you use a formal language, such as statecharts, to specify a are capturing the entire infinite set of scenarios all in one place. A nothing more than a particular path through the statechart. For ex shows one particular scenario represented by this statechart. In th cost of the soda is 55 cents. The customer puts in two quarters and receives a nickel in change. Then he selects Coke, but there is no rethe machine displays a message to that effect. The customer then Coke and the system delivers it. Notice that some of the relevant s state machine are shown on the use case instance line-this aids the relating the scenario back to the statechart specification.



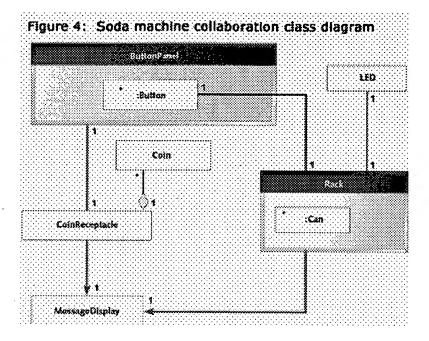
Of course, there are other paths through the statechart; these are scenarios. In general, you will want to construct the set of scenario statechart. You do this by making a different scenario for every different through the statechart, although you'll only want to do the looping and representative examples of the concurrent regions (and-states

Moving from requirements into design

As mentioned earlier, a use case is ultimately realized by a set of c together to provide the necessary behavior. This set of objects is c collaboration in UML. It has a specific notation (a dashed oval) that commonly used. Most often, the use case collaboration is shown as diagram, showing the relevant classes of the objects that participa in the collaboration.

Getting a good set of objects can be tricky, as it is not at all obvious case model. In the ROPES process, you use object identification stridentify the object participating in the collaboration. The ROPES proabout a dozen different strategies which, while different and distinct

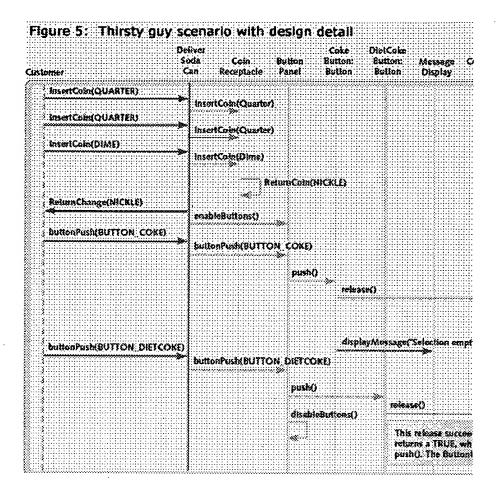
the objects they find to a significant degree. Commonly, you will all four different strategies simultaneously to identify all objects in the Using such an approach, one could come up with an object model: shown in Figure 4.



The really important question is how do you ensure and demonstratesign model really does realize the use case model? The answer is execution. We evaluate and demonstrate the adequacy of a design executing that design model. Specifically, we want to execute the vaccutarios we used to state requirements using the newly added de If the design can execute all of the requirements then we've done can't, then we need to fix our design model.

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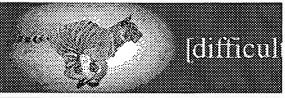
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Real-time video capture creates memory power concerns

By Ivan Greenberg **EE Times** Jun 28, 2004



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As carriers and content providers usher in the wireless lifestyle, handsets wil unprecedented transformation. Video capture and 3-D gaming at VGA resolu megapixel image capture will all become commonplace in the next two years

Until recently, mobile processors, LCD displays, image sensors and RF power amplifiers have been the focus of system designers. However, with the advent of new applications like 3-D gaming, designers are becoming increasingly aware of the energy consumed by the handsets memory subsystem.

Tomorrow's handsets will shuffle



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voluminous amounts of media between processor and memory subsystem, creating a new power hot spot in memory. Unlike yesterday's phone, whose internal data transfer was fundamentally limited to protocol stack processing, next-generation

handsets will perform advanced signal processing on two-dimensional data s 4, H.264, JPEG2000 and 3-D image processing. Additionally, business applicaas Excel, PowerPoint, Word and Outlook will become commonplace on tomor phones.

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To meet these requirements, memory suppliers are looking at the expected ϵ and use model patterns of tomorrow's media-rich handset in order to formul

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techniques for reducing energy consumption of this memory subsystem. As a handset system designers have a plethora of low-power memory platforms f to choose. These platforms are typically offered in multichip packages to con handset real estate and combine NOR, SRAM, pseudoSRAM and Nand produc

Most of today's high-end phones use NOR flash and DRAM. Many smart phor feature phones feature two NOR devices-one for code storage and code exec the other for data storage. Additionally, a single mobile DRAM device is used scratch pad for temporary storage of images and execution of media process algorithms.

Given the state of mobile multimedia, NOR flash has served the handset plat However, screen resolution, image resolution and video resolution are trendi phenomenal rates, mandating nonvolatile memories with ultrafast storage be and ultralow power consumption. Given the benefits of Nand technology, this render the choice of NOR a non sequitur. This is particularly the case for real capture.



Video capture and record

The data flow requirements of video are quite different than those for image Video compression requires constant DRAM read/write access, as the video c captured occurs over several minutes, or in some cases, a single hour. DRAN power must be accounted for because it plays a large role in overall energy consumption.

While the benefits of mobile DRAM over PC DRAM are obvious in this applical of mobile double data-rate RAM (DDR) over mobile single data-rate RAM (SC elusive. By reducing the clock frequency of the mobile DDR device by a factor device's active current can be reduced to half that of a mobile SDR device desame bandwidth. This results in a 35 percent reduction in power consumption compared to a mobile SDR device.

For the calculations below, assume a user takes 10 15-minute video clips du course of a week. Further, assume that the user captured these clips at VGA using a high-quality MPEG4 encoder with an average bit rate of 1.3 Mbits/sep DRAM active current, we can assume single-bank operation.

Unlike image capture, a single 8-Mbyte bank is sufficient for holding frames, kernel and video-processing work space. Video capture and encode at VGA r requires on the order of 100 Mbytes/s sustained DRAM bandwidth.

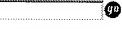
For this article, let's assume a DRAM device that is capable of delivering 400 when clocked at 100 MHz. Assuming 50 percent efficiency for the application memory controller, systems using this DRAM should be able to sustain 100 N bandwidth with a 50 percent read/write duty cycle. Duty cycle is defined her ratio of the average active DRAM time, or read/write accesses, to average D time, or refresh mode:

Usable DDR BW = (DDR controller efficiency) x (DDR read/write duty cycle) bandwidth)

= $(50 \text{ percent}) \times (50 \text{ percent}) \times (400 \text{ Mbit/s}) = 100 \text{ Mbits/s}$

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The DRAM energy consumed is calculated using the effective duty cycle abov

mA-hrDRAM_active = $[(Isingle_bank_active) \times (duty cycle) \times (15-minute vic (number of clips/week)]/3,600$

mA-hrDRAM_active = $(45 \text{ mA}) \times (50 \text{ percent}) \times (15 \times 60) \times (10)/3,600 = 57$

While NOR's program rate can handle a video bit rate of 1.3 Mbits/s, it must total of 150 minutes storing the video during our contrived test week. Using below for the case of video capture, we arrive at:

mA-hrNOR = [(number of video-clips/week) x (Iprogram) x (program time p minute video clip)]/3,600

 $mA-hrNOR = (10) \times (36 \text{ mA}) \times (975 \text{ seconds})/3,600 = 98 \text{ mA-hr}$

If we assume same program time for NAND (150 minutes), energy consump Nand will be 22 percent that for NOR since Nand program current is 8 mA, v 36 mA. This would yield a Nand energy consumption of approximately 22 m/However, algorithm developers can reduce this further by buffering up comp in DRAM for deferred ultra-fast storate to Nand. By doing this, program time 150 min of video (1.4 Gbytes) approaches that achieved if one were writing Mbytes/s.

Since the video bit rate is so low, energy consumed buffering up compressed DRAM is a function of self-refresh current (approximately 0.15 mA)]. Compacurrent consumed during Nand program operation (8 mA), it becomes clear battle against time, buffering in DRAM has a tremendous advantage.

The equations below are used to determine energy consumption for Nand de DRAM devices with the assumption that system program time approaches th using a 4-Mbyte/s Nand device.

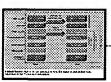
 $mA-hr512 \ Mbit_Nand = (10) \ x (8 \ mA) \ x (37 \ seconds)/3,600 = 0.82 \ mA-hr$

 $mA-hr256 \ Mbit_DRAM = (10) \times (0.15 \ mA) \times (900)/3,600 = 0.375 \ mA-hr$

Taking the results from all of the equation above, the power consumption for NOR/mobile DDR subsystem comes in at 155 mA-hr, while that for a Nand/n memory subsystem measures 58 mA-hr.

While the advantages of Nand/DRAM-based systems shown above are impre new wireless frontier will stimulate the sagest memory suppliers to innovate areas. In the quest for lower power, we can expect future Nand/DRAM comb feature enhanced interfaces, novel packaging and innovative architectural eli Regardless of the innovative path, one thing is certain: The mobile memory: play a pivotal role in reducing power and enhancing the user's experience of handsets.

Ivan K. Greenberg (<u>igreenberg@ssi.samsung.com</u>) is director of strategic ma Samsung Semiconductor (San Jose, Calif.).



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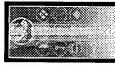
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